

REŠENJA ZADATAKA

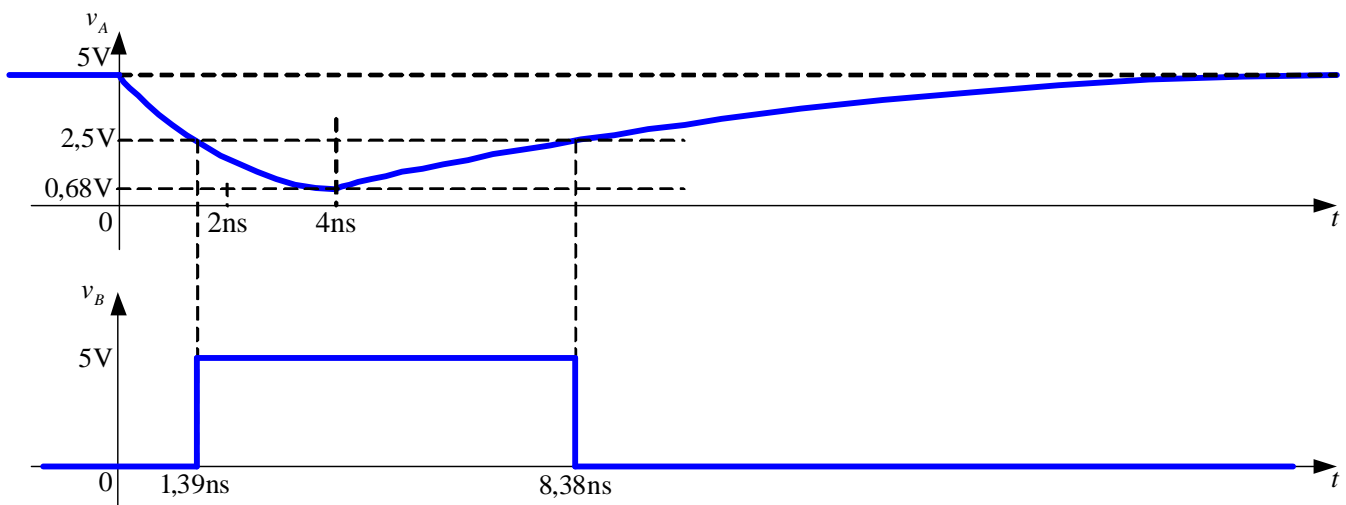
1. KOLOKVIJUM

2. a)

$$v_A(t) = \begin{cases} 5V, & t < 0 \\ 5V \cdot e^{-5 \cdot 10^8 \cdot t}, & 0 \leq t \leq 4ns \\ 5V - 4,32V \cdot e^{-1,25 \cdot 10^8 \cdot (t-4ns)}, & t \geq 4ns \end{cases}$$

b) $v_A(t_1) = 2,5V$ (za $0 < t < 4ns$) $\Rightarrow t_1 = 1,39ns$

$v_A(t_2) = 2,5V$ (za $t > 4ns$) $\Rightarrow t_2 = 8,38ns$



$$v_B(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & t < 1,39ns \\ 5V, & 1,39ns \leq t \leq 8,38ns \\ 0, & t > 8,38ns \end{cases}$$

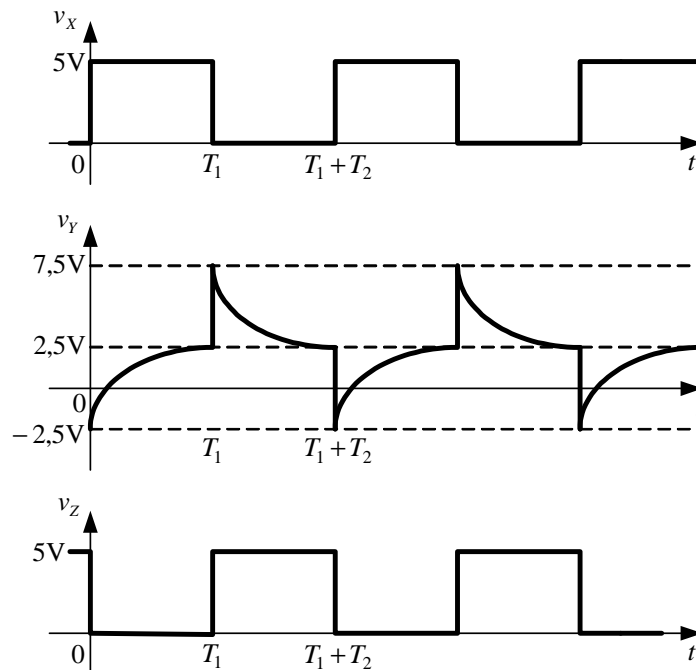
2. KOLOKVIJUM

2. $v_Y(t) = 5V - 7,5V \cdot e^{-20000t}$, za $0 < t < T_1$

$v_Y(t) = 7,5V \cdot e^{-20000(t-T_1)}$, za $T_1 < t < T_1 + T_2$

$T_1 = T_2 = 54,93\mu s$

$f = \frac{1}{T_1 + T_2} = 9,102\text{kHz}$



3. KOLOKVIJUM

2. a) Prekidač je zatvoren za $Q_i = 0$, a otvoren za $Q_i = 1$.

b) $R_D = 10\text{k}\Omega$ $R_0 = 90\text{k}\Omega$ $R_1 = 40\text{k}\Omega$ $R_2 = 15\text{k}\Omega$ $R_3 = 2,5\text{k}\Omega$

c) $R_{bo} = 12,5\text{k}\Omega$ $V_{MAX} = 3,5V$ $V_{MIN} = -4V$