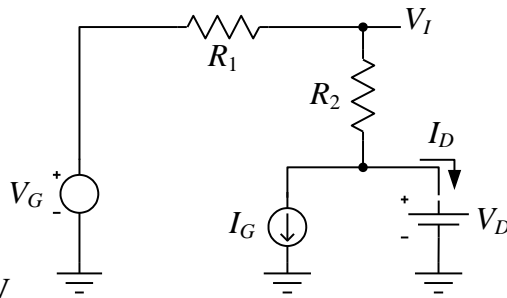


Elementi elektronike – FEBRUAR 2017 - REŠENJA

2. Ekvivalentna šema kola za veliki signal prikazana je na sledećoj slici

$$I_D = \frac{V_G - V_D}{R_1 + R_2} - I_G = 10 \text{ mA}$$

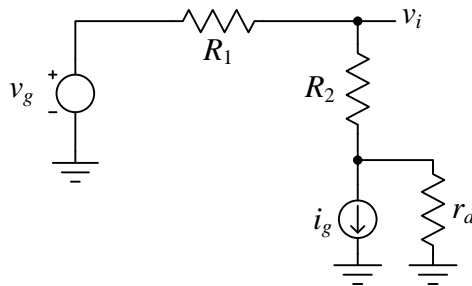
$$V_I = V_D + R_2(I_D + I_G) = 2.3 \text{ V}$$



Za proračun u režimu malih promenljivih signala potreban je parametar diode za mali signal:

$$r_d = \frac{V_T}{I_D} = 2.5 \Omega.$$

Ekvivalentna šema kola za mali signal prikazana je na sledećoj slici



$$v_i = \frac{R_2 + r_d}{R_1 + R_2 + r_d} v_g - \frac{r_d}{R_1 + R_2 + r_d} R_1 i_g = 0.376 \text{ V sin } \omega t,$$

Ukupni napon na izlazu kola je

$$v_I = V_I + v_i = 2.3 \text{ V} + 0.376 \text{ V sin } \omega t$$

3.

a) Ako se levi deo kola zameni tevenenovim generatorom $V_T = \frac{R_{B2}}{R_{B1} + R_{B2}} V_{CC} = 2 \text{ V}$ i $R_T = R_{B1} \parallel R_{B2} = 1.6 \text{ k}\Omega$. Računa se

$$I_B = \frac{V_T - V_{BE}}{R_T + (1 + \beta)R_E} = 48 \mu\text{A}$$

$$I_C = \beta I_B = 2.4 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_E = (1 + \beta)I_B = 2.45 \text{ mA}$$

$$V_{CEQ} = V_{CC} - V_E - R_C I_C = 3.9 \text{ V}$$

$$V_P = V_{CC} - R_C I_C = 5.2 \text{ V}$$

$$b) A_v = \frac{v_p}{v_g} = \frac{g_m + \frac{1}{R_P}}{\frac{1}{R_P} + \frac{1}{R_C}},$$

$$R_u = r_\pi \parallel R_E \parallel R_x,$$

$$R_x = \frac{1}{g_m + \frac{1 - A_v}{R_P}}.$$

$$c) \quad g_m = \frac{I_C}{V_T} = 96 \text{ mS},$$

$$r_\pi = \frac{\beta}{g_m} = 521.15 \, \Omega,$$

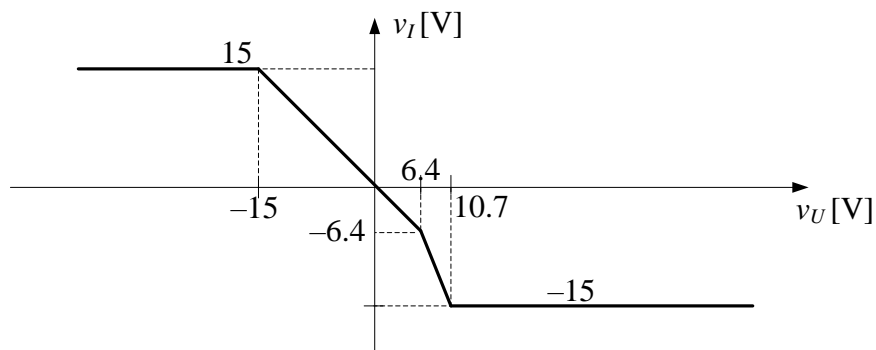
$$A_v = 160.1,$$

$$R_u = 11.9 \, \Omega.$$

6.

$$v_I = \begin{cases} V_{CC} & v_U < -\frac{R_1}{R_2} V_{CC} = -V_{CC} \\ -\frac{R_2}{R_1} v_U & -V_{CC} \leq v_U < -V_R + 2V_D \\ -(2v_U + V_R - 2V_D) & -V_R + 2V_D \leq v_U < \frac{V_{CC} - V_R + 2V_D}{2} \\ -V_{CC} & v_U \geq \frac{V_{CC} - V_R + 2V_D}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$v_I = \begin{cases} 15\text{V} & v_U < -15\text{V} \\ -v_U & -15\text{V} \leq v_U < 6.4\text{V} \\ -(2v_U - 6.4\text{V}) & 6.4\text{V} \leq v_U < 10.7\text{V} \\ -15\text{V} & v_U \geq 10.7\text{V} \end{cases}$$



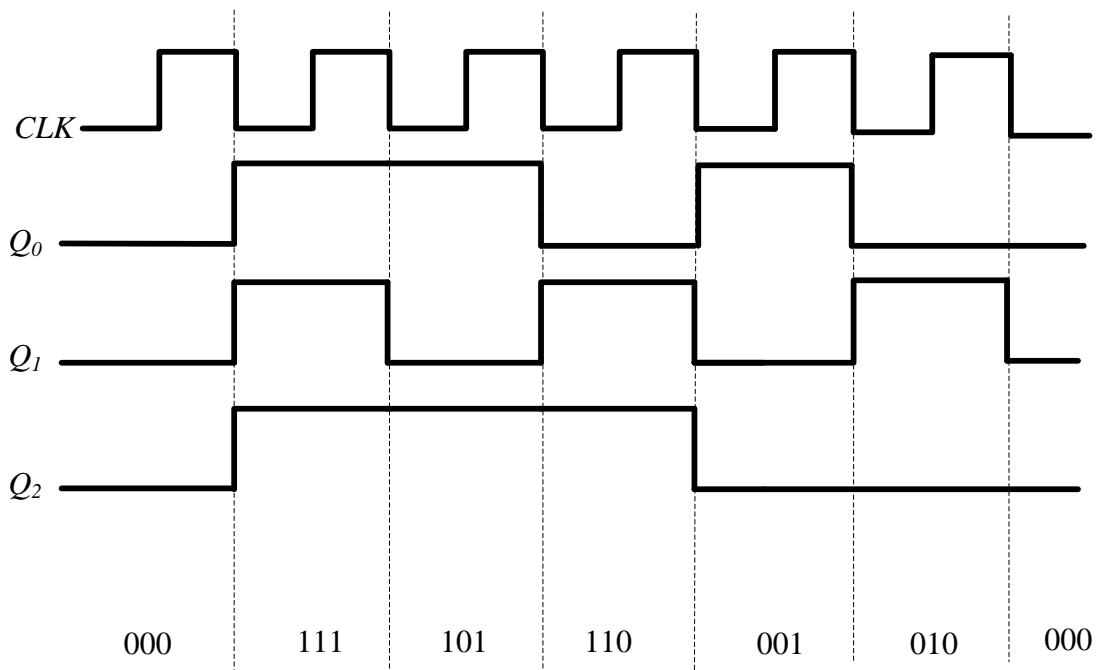
7.

a) Dva desna MOS tranzistora predstavljaju invertor.

$$Y = AB + C$$

b) $s_1 = A, s_0 = B, d_0 = d_1 = d_2 = C, d_3 = 1$

8.



Moduo brojanja je 6.