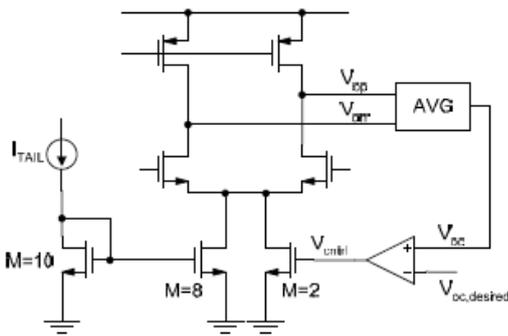
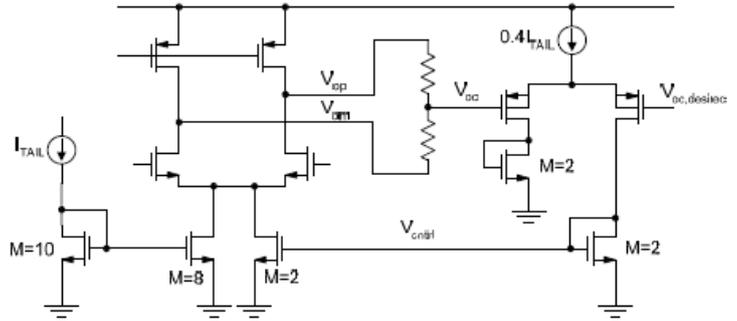


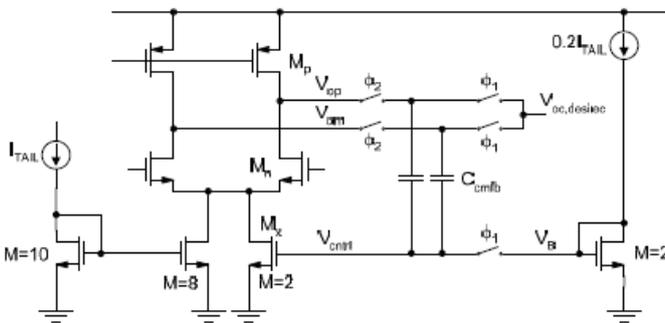
Common – Mode Feedback (CMFB)



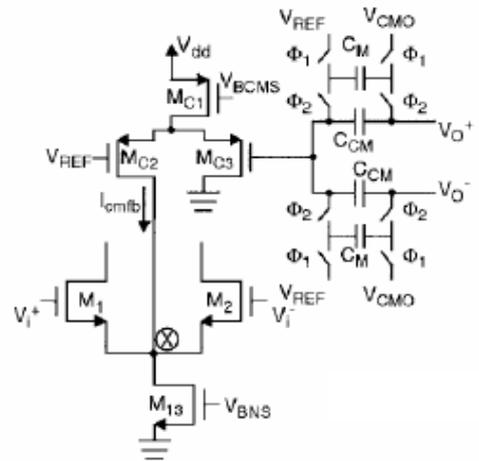
CMFB – principska šema



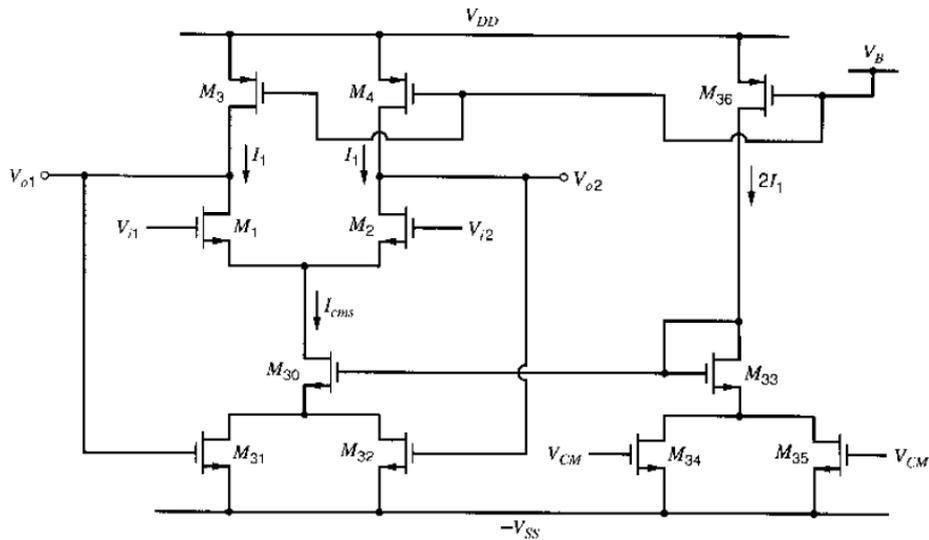
CMFB – realizacija sa opornim razdelnikom



SC CMFB – 1

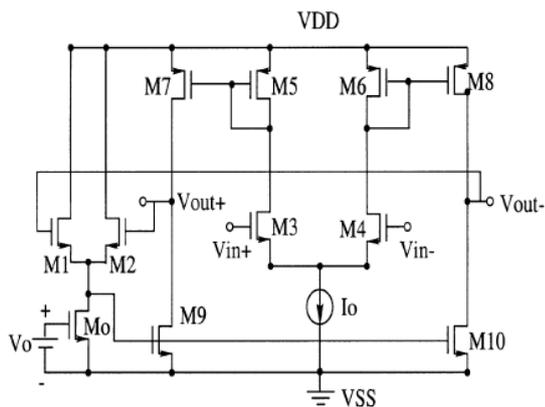


SC CMFB - 2

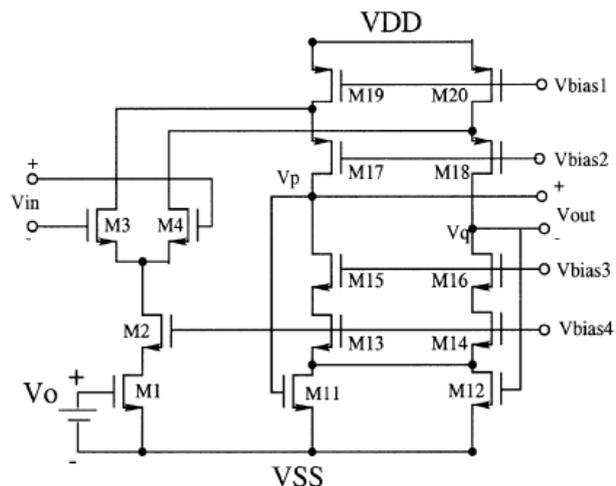


CMFB sa tranzistorima u triodnoj oblasti

$$\begin{aligned}
 v_{o1} &= v_{o2} = v_{oc}, \quad i_{D3} = i_{D4} = i_1, \quad i_{D36} = 2i_1 \Rightarrow \\
 i_{D30} &= i_{D33}, \quad (W/L)_{30-35} = W/L, \quad v_{GS31} = v_{GS32} = v_{oc} \Rightarrow \\
 v_{oc} &= v_{CM}
 \end{aligned}$$



Fully differential OTA sa CMFB realizovanim pomoću diferencijalnog para tranzistora (M1,M2)

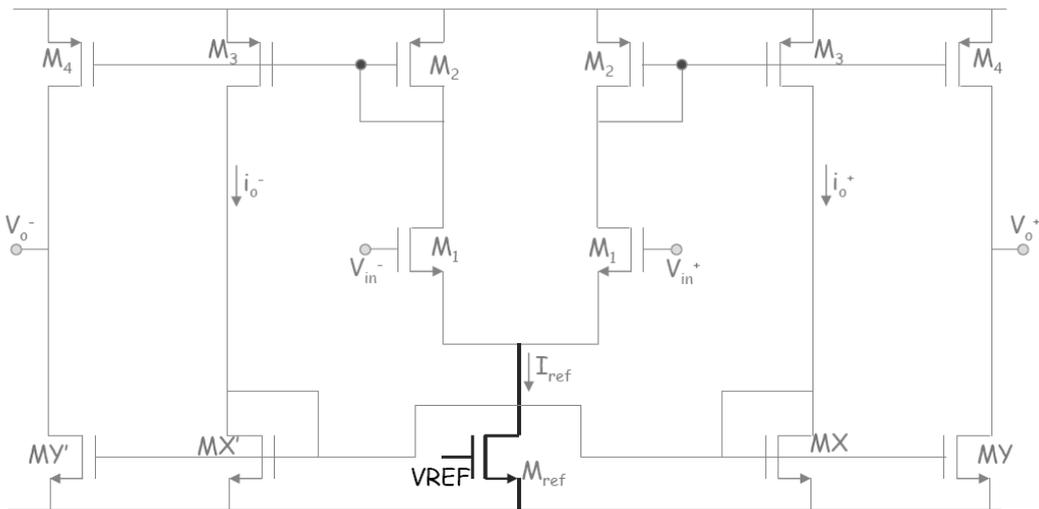


Fully differential folded cascode OTA sa CMFB sa tranzistorima u triodnoj oblasti

$$I_{D19,20} = 2I_{D3,4}, (W/L)_1 = 2(W/L)_{11,12} \Rightarrow$$

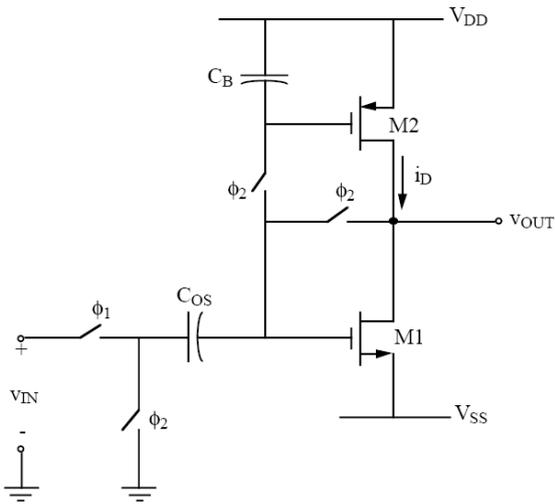
$$i_{D11} + i_{D12} = i_{D3} + i_{D4} = i_{D1} \Rightarrow v_{oc} = V_{SS} + V_0, v_{oc} = \frac{v_P + v_Q}{2},$$

$$i_{D11} + i_{D12} \neq f(v_P - v_Q).$$

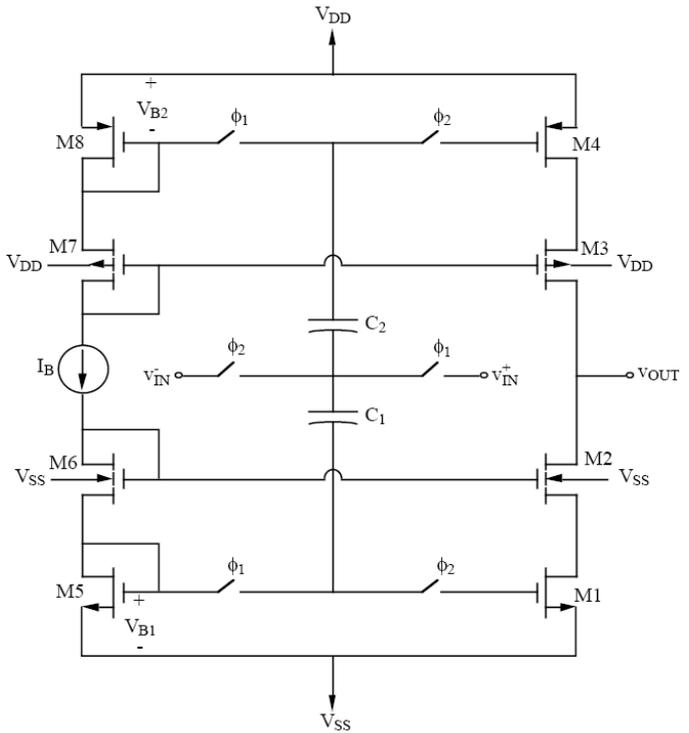


Fully differential OTA sa Common - mode Feedforward (current-mode)

Dinamička polarizacija CMOS pojačavača

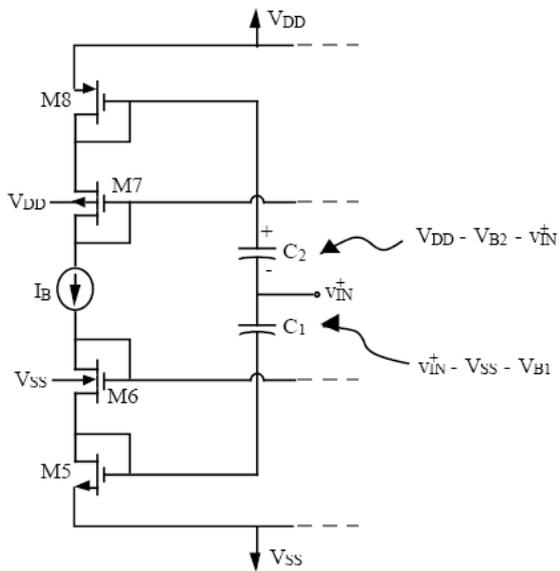


Dinamička polarizacija CMOS invertora



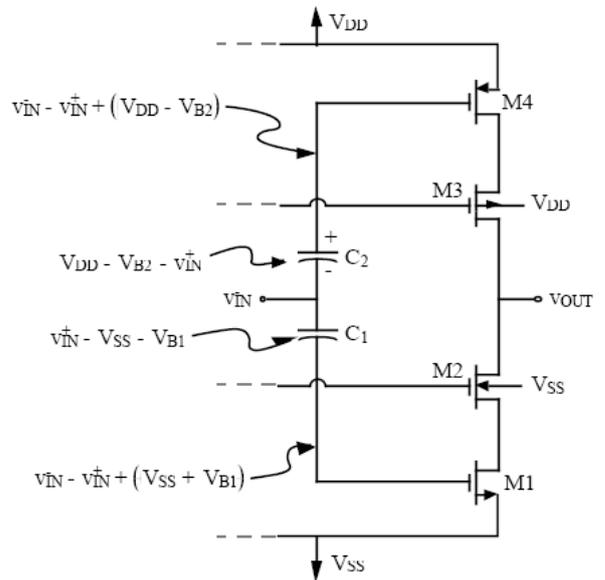
Dinamička polarizacija Push – pull Cascode Op Amp-a

Phase 1 Clock Period

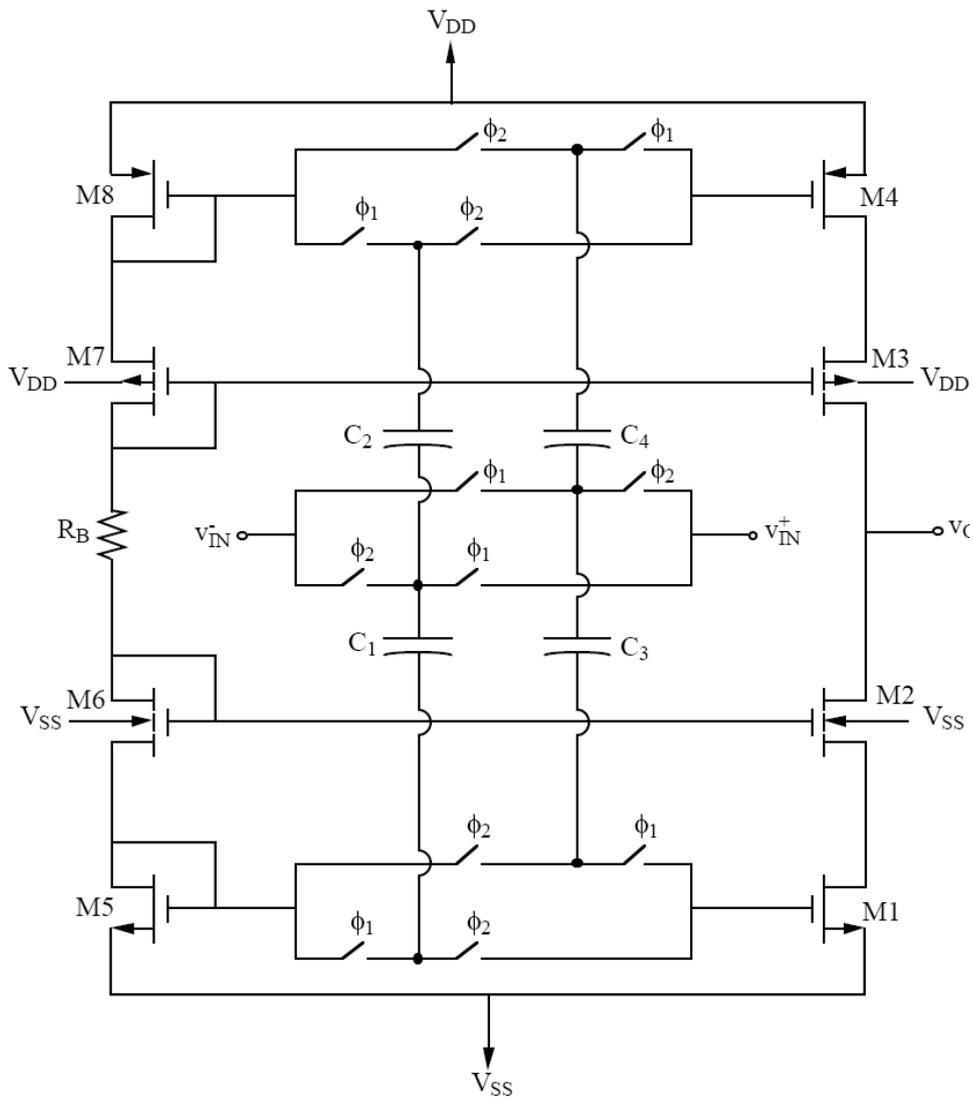


Dinamička polarizacija Push – pull Cascode Op Amp-a

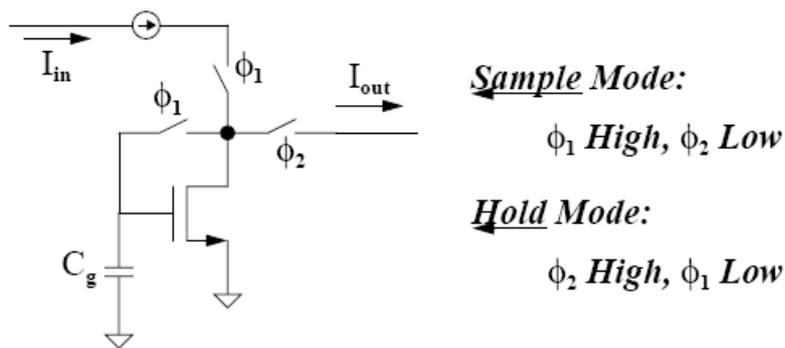
Phase 2 Clock Period



Dinamička polarizacija Push – pull Cascode Op Amp-a



**Dinamička polarizacija Op Amp-a koji radi za vreme obe faze Clock-a
(GB=130MHz (CL=2.2pF), 1,6 mW dissipation)**



Sample Mode:

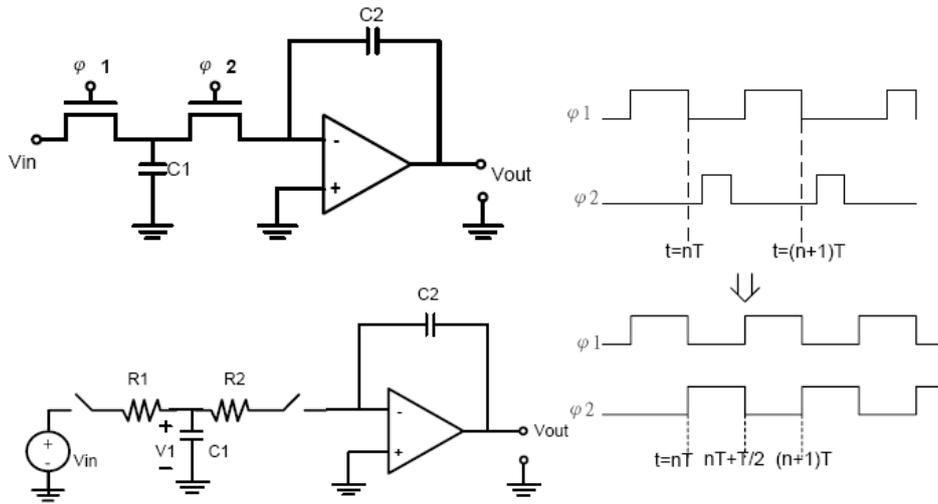
ϕ_1 High, ϕ_2 Low

Hold Mode:

ϕ_2 High, ϕ_1 Low

Current-Mode Sample and Hold Circuit

Uticaj neidealnosti u SC kolima



Uticaj otpornosti prekidača u jednom SC pojačavaču

$$t = nT : V_1(nT) = V_{in}(nT) \left(1 - e^{-\frac{-T/2}{R_1 C_1}} \right)$$

$$\Delta Q(nT + T/2) = C_1 V_1(nT) \left(1 - e^{-\frac{-T/2}{R_2 C_1}} \right) = C_2 [V_{out}(nT + T) - V_{out}(nT)], \quad R_1 = R_2 = R$$

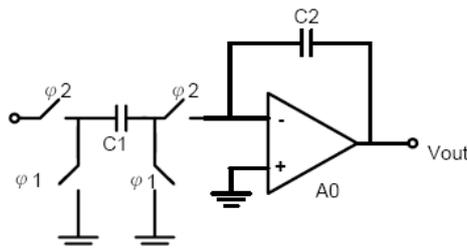
$$H(z) = -\frac{C_1 / C_2}{z - 1} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{-T/2}{RC_1}} \right)^2 = H_i(z) \left(1 - e^{-\frac{-T/2}{RC_1}} \right)^2$$

$$\varepsilon = \frac{H_i(z) - H(z)}{H_i(z)} = 1 - \frac{H(z)}{H_i(z)} = 1 - \left(1 - e^{-\frac{-T/2}{RC_1}} \right)^2 \approx 2e^{-\frac{-T/2}{RC_1}}$$

$$\varepsilon \leq 0,1\% \Rightarrow 2e^{-\frac{-T/2}{RC_1}} \leq 10^{-4} \Rightarrow \frac{RC_1}{T} \leq 5 \cdot 10^{-2} \Rightarrow RC_1 \leq \frac{T}{20},$$

$$f_{clock} = 1/T = 1\text{MHz}, \quad C_1 = 5\text{pF} \Rightarrow R \leq 10\text{k}\Omega,$$

$$f_{clock} = 1/T = 100\text{MHz}, \quad C_1 = 1\text{pF} \Rightarrow R \leq 500\Omega.$$



Uticaj konačnog pojačanja operacionog pojačavača u jednom SC integratoru

$$t = nT : V_{out}(nT) = V_{C2}(nT) - \frac{V_{out}(nT)}{A_0},$$

$$C_2[V_{C2}(nT) - V_{C2}(nT - T)] + C_1\left[V_{in}(nT) + \frac{V_{out}(nT)}{A_0}\right] = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$H(z) = \frac{V_{out}(z)}{V_{in}(z)} = \frac{-\frac{C_1}{C_2}\left[1 + \frac{1 + C_1/C_2}{A_0}\right]^{-1} z}{z - \frac{1 + 1/A_0}{1 + \frac{1 + C_1/C_2}{A_0}}},$$

$$H(e^{j\omega T}) = H_i(e^{j\omega T})F(\omega), \quad F(\omega) = \frac{1}{1 - m(\omega) + j\theta(\omega)},$$

$$m(\omega) = -\frac{1 + \frac{C_1}{2C_2}}{A_0}, \quad \theta(\omega) = \frac{C_1/C_2}{2A_0 \tan(\omega T/2)} \approx \frac{C_1}{C_2} \frac{1}{A_0 \omega T} \Rightarrow$$

$$|F(\omega)| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(1 - m(\omega))^2 + (\theta(\omega))^2}} \approx \frac{1}{1 - m(\omega)} \approx 1 + m(\omega) \Rightarrow$$

$$A_0 > 1000 \Rightarrow \varepsilon_m < 0,1\%, \quad A_0 > 100 \Rightarrow \varepsilon_m < 1\%$$

$$\arg(F(\omega)) = -\arctan \frac{-\theta(\omega)}{1 - m(\omega)} \approx \arctan(\theta(\omega)) \approx \theta(\omega) \Rightarrow$$

$$\varepsilon_\theta \approx 0, \quad A_0 \omega T \gg 1.$$

$$A(s) = \frac{A_0}{1 + \frac{s}{\omega_p}} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{A_0} + \frac{s}{\omega_T}} \Rightarrow m(\omega) = -e^{-k_1} [1 - k \cos(\omega T)],$$

$$k = \frac{C_1}{C_1 + C_2}, \quad k_1 = \frac{k\omega_T T}{2}, \quad \theta(\omega) = -e^{-k_1} k \sin(\omega T)$$

$$\frac{\omega_T T}{2} = \pi \frac{\omega_T}{\omega_{clock}} \gg 1 \quad (\omega_T > 5\omega_{clock}) \Rightarrow m(\omega) \rightarrow 0 \text{ i } \theta(\omega) \rightarrow 0.$$